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Advice Free.
New York Benevolent Infirmary,
ESTABLISHED 1856,
And devoted to THE CARE OF MEDICAL REFORM; to the DIFFUSION OF MEDICAL KNOWLEDGE FOR THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE, and to THE RELIEF OF THE SUFFERING AND AFFLICTED WITH CHRONIC AND VIOLENT DISORDERS. To the end that the afflicted in whose behalf we establish the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land may be relieved from the errors, extortion, and IGNORANCE OF PROFESSED PHYSICIANS, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.
The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:
Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Ear Diseases, Cancers, and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and ALL DISEASES OF THE URINARY and SEXUAL ORGANS, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.
Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will faithfully and respectfully test very best medicines at the lowest rates.
These remedies are prepared in our own LABORATORY, under the care of ab e Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, combining all the recent discoveries.
To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Let no one neglect to write, as the best advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves.
Also published at the Infirmary, to add these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

Containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of Diseases in all its forms with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing, and exercise. Price 50 cents.

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A work on the cause, symptoms, and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, as menstruation, its derivation, abortion and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with much valuable instruction to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

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A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention, and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning, and advice and counsel, such as to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

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It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the Quacks and Rogues to drive every one, if possible, the unwary through life, and shows up every swindle of the age. It shows how all Knaves, Pretenders, Mock Doctors, and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the frauds. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,
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For every family, having over 1,000 Receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to Plant and what is the best to raise. Also, the Diseases of Animals, Advice to Housekeepers, Farmers, and Mechanics on 1,000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth six to any one.

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For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of the remedy by which I am cured, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The I format on in them is not to be found in any works publis ed, nor obtainable from any o her source. These books are published at a merely nominal price, and bona fully bound

Any of the ab ve wo ks will be mailed free, on r ceipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound vol me for $1. Let every one who is sick or ailing, should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $10 a day. Send for a circular and terms.

To the y ung of both sexes suffering from Secret Ha bits, prostration of body and of mind, nervous debility, loss of sight, weak n ss, love of l tude, symptoms of the fo ce, &c., &c., this warning is a timely one before you suffer incurable damage to both b dy and mind.

To FEMALES who want, SAFE, PLEASANT, and SURE remed es for irre, ularit es, Obstruct ons, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive, and diseased condition who in a manner exceedingly many instances would be saved. To such we would say, write, and we will send you information of a safe, well-tested, and never failing PREVENTIVE.

WE WILL MAIL FREE, to any one applying for it, THE JOURNAL OF HEALTH.

It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valua le information on

Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, The c uses, effects, and cure, showing the awful eff cts of the disease

On all of or Di se s of the S xual Organs, a full explanation of the orig n of Syphilis, the means of preventing and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.

On the Liver, Heart, Stomach, and Skin.

On Female Complaints.

On the various Schools of Medicin s.

On the Modes of Treatment now in practice.

On the False Treatment of Diseases.

On the various Medical Humbugs.

On the Physiology of Marriage.

On the Common Sense of it disease.

On Diet, Exercise, and Ablution.

How the Physician should be.

How to Preserve Health.

Any many th ngs SOMEBODY

Th s Journal should be in the hands of every one.

To all who apply by letter, with full descrip i n of age, occupation, symptoms of disease of any kind, and habits of life, *Cancid Advice*, free of charge, will be given, by the Chief Physician.

Address (with two or three stamps for return postage,)

(BOX B) [3l d sw&w1] Brooklyn, New York.

MANHOOD.
How Lost, How Restored.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope,
ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, Nervousness, Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity.
BY ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.
Author of "Every Man his own Doctor," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself *cheaply, privately, and radically.* This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal to any address, *post paid*, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 127 Bowery, New York. Post Box 4,586
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Cincinnati Venereal Hospital,
Established in the year 1850,
FOR THE CURE OF PRIVATE DISEASES,
And under the control of two of the most eminent Physicians in the world.

DR. E. BONAPARTE, from Paris and Paris Hospitals, and for the past ten years of the Cincinnati Venereal Hospital, and DR. E. Reynolds, late of New York. This is the only office in the city where a permanent cure of private diseases can be effected without the use of mercury or change of diet. Gonorrhœa cured in 6 to 8 hours. Gleet cured in 5 to 10 days. Stricture cured in 1 to 3 weeks. Nocturnal emissions cured in 1 to 6 days. Seminal weakness cured in 2 to 8 weeks. Syphilis in its primary form cured in 10 days. Secondary symptoms cured in 1 to 2 weeks. Skin diseases cured in 2 weeks. Impotency—every case cured in 1 to 4 weeks. All diseases of a private nature treated with unparalleled success, and in a few days.
Dr. Bonaparte's great work on private diseases, the private guide to health, is bought by all who read it, female; the old and young should read this book. It will enlighten those who grope in darkness. Price 25 cents, sent by mail.
Dr. Bonaparte's Celebrated Preventive never has nor never will fail—married ladies can with safety to bear children, except at the hazard of life, should be in possession of this preventive. Price $5 per box.
Dr. Bonaparte's French Patent Male Safe. It is perfectly safe, and never fails to give satisfaction. It is the only safe and sure preventive against pregnancy and disease. The price of the French Patent Male Safe is $1 the single one, $4 per half dozen, $7 per dozen. Sent by mail.
☞ Madame Lozier's Female Monthly Pills are a safe and never-failing remedy for suppressions and all female diseases. Ladies should be careful in using these preparations, as they will produce miscarriage. Price $1 per box—extra fine $5—sent to any address by mail.
Drs. B. & R. are the men to consult, they are unquestionably acknowledged to be the champion and king of venereal diseases, and the only Doctors who receive Monthly Reports from the old world; they have been accustomed from an early age to 20,000 to witness the various diseases which afflict mankind, and to watch the progress, through a long career of professional study, in every sphere of life, from the humble abode of poverty to the mansions of the wealthy, and having experienced beyond a doubt the vast suffering of humanity, they determined to select the curative system as their particular study, and to devote their whole attention to the alleviation of the diseases of these important functions. No letters will be answered unless they contain a remittance or a postage stamp.
Call, or address
DRS. BONAPARTE & REYNOLDS,
No. 182 Sycamore street, bet. Fifth and Sixth, east side,
Cincinnati, O.
Office hours, 6 A. M. to 9 P. M. f15 lorly&tf

Change of Firm.
T. SHANKS & CO. have purchased W. A. GAILBRAITH with their firm, and purchase for the stand of SMITH & OMEN, on south side of Market street, below Floyd, where they will conduct the WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCERY and PRODUCE business. Connected with their house they have a good WAGON-YARD, with ample accommodations for horses, wagons, and other vehicles, and would be glad to see their old friends.
T. SHANKS,
July 18, 1860.—dtf W. A. GAILBRAITH.

COFFEE—140 bags prime Rio received per Autocrat and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.
SUGAR—15 hhds received per Autocrat and for sale by
GARDNER & CO.

CIDER VINEGAR—300 bbls Bulmer pure Cider Vinegar for trade by
NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GEORGE T. SHAW.....DICK PORTER.

"ROUND THE CORNER"

SALOON AND RESTAURANT,
Corner Sixth Street and Court Place,
OPPOSITE THE CITY COURT ROOMS,
Louisville, Ky.
SHAW & PORTER, Proprietors.

MEALS at all hours of the day and night. Our Larder is supplied with Fish, Meats, Poultry, Game, and Oysters, the best in the market. In our Saloon are to be found imported Wines, Liquors, and Cigars of the Choicest Brands.
Sole agents in Kentucky for J. Sands's celebrated Chicago and Milwaukie X, XX, and XXX Pale Cream and Stock Ale, wholesale in barrels and half barrels, or by the bottle.
CALL "ROUND THE CORNER." n19 1y&tf

Convenience for my Customers.
ORDERS for Henry Beyrodt's Upholsterer Establishment will be taken with the greatest attention at Mr. J. G. Mather's grocery store, No. 819 Main street, adjoining the Bank of Louisville.
HENRY BEYRODT, Upholsterer,
Fifth street, between Jefferson and Green,
no17 d4m Louisville, Ky.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.
I am daily in receipt, by the fast Adams Express, of the best Oysters in the market. Cans large and well filled.
Prices fair and low. Send in the direct agent of the Messrs. G. B. Hatch & Co., Oyster Packers, of Baltimore, Md., for receipt of cans. Will supply dealers and hotels at the lowest market price.
☞ Depot on Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson. No. 812. oct dtm A. FRENTZ.

REMOVAL.
Brandies & Crawford,
GRAIN DEALERS,
HAVE removed to the new Warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets.
We will pay th highest market price for all kinds of Grain, delivered at our store or at any good shipping point on the O o river.
d28 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

GUNPOWDER.
DUPONT'S
RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER,
IN METAL KEGS
Water-tight and Fire-proof.
We have in magazine a full supply of the above celebrated brand of powder, and are prepared to fill orders from dealers, and for sale at same price as wooden kegs by
A. V. DuPONT & CO.
☞ N. B.—For sale by all the Louisville merchants.

GEO. S. MOORE, J. L. WHEELER, J. F. ROBINSON,
Louisville. of Winchester, Ky. of George's, Ky.
MOORE, WHEELER, & ROBINSON,
Wholesale Grocers,
PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STAR NAIL WORKS,
Manufactured from Pure Charcoal Iron,
AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Cold and Hot Blast Pig Iron,
No. 546 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
mar17 dtf

POWDER
OF ALL qualities constantly on hand and for sale by DAVIS & SPEED, Agents for the Manufacturers.
LOUISVILLE, Sept. 2, 1859.
MESSRS. DAVIS & SPEED, Agents of Oriental Powder Co., Louisville:
Gents.—We have been using your Blasting Powder and we take pleasure in stating that we find it equal if not superior to any Powder that we have ever used.
ARCHER CAMPBELL,
Superintendent for Smith & Smyser.
I cordially concur in the above and cheerfully recommend it to the public.
J. D. SMITH.
I consider the above Powder superior to any we have ever been able to obtain.
H. FOSKIT.
We take pleasure in recommending your Indian Oriental Rifle Powder as equal if not superior to any we have ever used, its being very clean and strong. This we assert after a thorough trial. Respectfully yours,
GEORGE W. WOMACK.
J. FRY LAWRENCE.
E. P. BREWER.
H. A. KNEASTER.
ZACHARY L. TAYLOR.
A. BIENO.

FRENCH'S HOTEL
On the European Plan,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Single Rooms 50 cents per Day.
City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort st.,
OPPOSITE CITY HALL.
Meals as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory. There is a Ba ber's Shop and Bath-Rooms attached to the Hotel.
N. B.—Beware of Runners and Hackmen, who say we are full.
R. FRENCH, Proprietor.

Plating and Replating.
FAMILIES, STEAMBOATS, HOTELS
WISHING to have their SILVER and PLATED WARE Renewed and Replated in the best durable manner, would do well to call at
No. 421 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth,
where the same will be done in a new, and at the lowest possible prices, will please call at
E. RICHTER'S
SILVER-PLATING ESTABLISHMENT,
225 (old No) Third st., bet. Main and Jefferson.
☞ Country orders promptly attended to. s14

AT COST FOR CASH.
WISHING to close out my present stock, I will sell at cost
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
SCHOOL BOOKS,
JUVENILE BOOKS;
THEOLOGICAL BOOKS, &c.
My stock comprises many standard works and the recent publications of the day, and will be found well-selected.
Fancy articles. j21 CLARKE, Mozart Hall.

COFFEE—200 bags prime Rio Coffee to arrive (sample in store) and for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.,
Corner of Second and Washington sts.
j29

SEED OATS—800 bushels Pennsylvania White Oats, selected and re-sacked, for sale in large or small quantities by
j29 G. S. GLORE & CO.

CORN—500 bushels White shelled Corn, in seamless sacks, for sale low by
N. S. GLORE & CO.

Braithwait's Retrospect.
PART Forty-second, for January, 1861, at
j29 CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

Closes this Week.
ALL persons wishing to subscribe to the COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION, must do so by the 31st inst. Call at CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

Last Chance.
SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION closes the 31st inst. Last day at CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.
ja29

Braithwait for January.
PART Forty-second, for January, 1861, at
ja29 CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

Do You Want It?
ALL who wish a BEAUTIFUL PICTURE, and cheap, must call at Clarke's before the 31st inst.
ja29 CLARKE'S, Mozart Hall.

PARAFFINE CANDLES—10 cases Paraffine Candles in store and for sale by
j29 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

STAR CANDLES—
50 boxes Star Candles;
20 do do do;
20 ¼ do do do;
In store and for sale by
d7 COOD & MOODY.

GUNPOWDER—A full supply of Oriental brand (in ¼ whole, ½, and ¼ kegs), Boston Sporting, Western do, Indian Rifle, Blasting do, and Sole Fuse for sale by
j29 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

SODA—200 casks Newcastle Soda for sale by
d27 GARDNER & CO.

CIDER VINEGAR—300 bbls Bulmer pure Cider Vinegar for trade by
n12 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

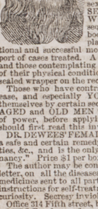
MEDICAL.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE A HYDRO-MAGNETIC SIPHO, for the prevention and cure of all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual organs, the Kidneys, Stomach, and Bowels, a di pe sion of conception. This Siphon, when u d rrectly and cures Nervous D bility, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Liver C mplaint, Headac e, Incontinence, or Wakefulness, Pelapsus Uteri or Fal ing of the Wom , Obstruc ed Menstruation, and all complaints of the Urinal Organs, Kidneys, and bowels.
The Siphn enables all to prevent and cure diseases without recou se to drugs, herbs, pills, or nos rums. It is perfectly safe; it will last a life-time without getting out of order, and never ails if is simple, and can be used by a child. It acts magnet ally and chemically, removing, s arching, and destroying all morbid secretions and poisonous matter in the system. It is pleasant to use, imparts strength and life to the body, relieves the spirit, imparts cheerfulness to the mind, and gives a tone and elasticity to all who use it, that will last for years. It enables those whose health and circumstances do not permit an increase of family, to regulate or limit their offspring, but must not be used during pregnancy, as it would produce miscarriage.
We send with each Siphn important private and confidential information, for the Married and those contemplating marriage; also, full directions for using.
FAIL NOT TO SECURE ONE
Single ones $5; a cheaper quality $3. Each one is warranted. The trade supplied, and forwarded to all parts of the country. Address,
DR. J. RUSSELL,
(Box B.) 181 dis'tw1y] Brooklyn, N. Y

REMOVAL.
DR. HALL
HAS REMOVED TO NO. 118 JEFFERSON STREET, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND.

DR. HALL'S
LOUISVILLE
MEDICAL DISPENSARY
CONDUCTED ON THE PLAN OF THE HOSPITAL DES MEDECINES, PARIS,
WHERE all who are afflicted with any form of Private Disease can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure, viz: Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Secondary, and Constitutional Syphilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urethra, Female Affections, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung Diseases, Dyspepsy, Liver Complaint, Piles, Fistula, and all Chronic Diseases. Acne and Fever cured in twenty-four hours—warranted.
YOUNG MEN afflicted with Seminal Weakness, from any cause, should consult Dr. H., as he never fails to cure. His remedies are safe, pleasant, and effectual.
DR. HALL'S AMERICAN PERIODICAL PILLS.—No article of medicine intended for the exclusive use of females has ever yet been introduced that has given such universal satisfaction as the American Periodical Pills. They can be rolled on in all cases of Obstructions, Irregularities, &c., as a sure and safe remedy. Price $1. CAUTION—They must not be used during pregnancy, or miscarriage will certainly be the result.
Patients living at a distance can be cured at home by sending a description of their disease.
All letters must be post paid.
☞ Office No. 116 Jefferson street, between First and Second. Office open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
L. HALL, M. D.,
424 dtf Late of Philadelphia, Pa.

This is really a Good Medicine, warranted to Cure.



BIG ISLAND, Bedford, Va., Nov. 1, 1854.
MESSRS. DOCTOR: I feel thankful to you and about one fourth of a bottle of your Turf Oil upon the back of my horse, the worst back I almost ever saw, entirely cured, in place twenty as large as my hand, and the only application (I only applied it once) cured it up entirely and permanently. I really was surprised at the quickness of its curative properties, and I think it more prompt and efficacious than any liniment I ever used. I ever now, and I have sold thousands of bottles of other preparations for similar purposes.
Respectfully,
P BONDURANT.

SCARY COUNTY, VA., January, 1858.
GENTLEMEN: My old man, Billy, about 10 years of age while herding cattle with a brother, split the skin of his leg open down to the bone, about 3 or 4 inches long, cutting an artery. It bled profusely for two days, and continued to bleed until cold and stiff. I had to give him over for dead. I sent and got a bottle of your Turf Oil, and I did not expect him, on account of his age, ever to be able to work again. I continued to use it for two or three weeks with the Turf Oil. In six weeks the cut was entirely well, and he was at work for me.
Very respectfully, W. CLAIBORNE JONES.
MESSRS. DOVE & CO., Richmond, Va.

For sale by
CARY & TALBOT,
EDWARD WILDER,
W. SPRINGER & BRO.,
THOS. SEMMES,
GEO. W. HART,
And all Druggists and Country Merchants in the State.
may17 dly

A MEDICAL REPORT.
Containing THIRTY fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs, in a state of Health and Disease.
PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS.
☞ Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.

ON A NEW METHOD of treating Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Strictures, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Impotency, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all affections of the reproductive system of both sexes, the infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the secret habits of both sexes, with a full treatise on SPERMATORRHŒA OR SEMINAL WEAKNESS, the deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, rendering a the author's plan of treatment, the only successful mode of cure. Sent by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, the singly or double condition of their physical condition. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of 25 cents.
Office 314 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson.
☞ *Office hours* from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.—Sundays 9 to 11 A. M.
Address all communications to
DR. GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
m24 d1y&weow 1stp Louisville, Ky.

Editors Louisville Journal'

GENTLEMEN: I am to-day a healthy and happy man by the scientific skill of DR. W. M. FELIX of your city. I have been redeemed from the most dreadful of all maladies. For a long time (ten years) I have been afflicted with the effects of Onanism or self-abuse, and, having failed to get relief from celebrated physicians, I was advised to apply to DR. FELIX, which, thank Heaven, I did, experiencing from his scientific treatment a perfect cure.
I make this communication from the most benevolent of motives, hoping that my unfortunate fellow-sufferers will find relief as I did. And if the physicians who treated my case think the truth, there are many in this most dreadful of all conditions.
A CITIZEN.
j17 d6w

DR. LA CROIX'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE ON THE PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.
250 Pages and 100 Fine Prints and Engravings.
☞ PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
☞ Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.

ON the infirmities of youth and manhood, considering the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, spermatorrhœa, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, extended impediments, involuntary blushings, defective memory, indigestion, flatulency, dimness of sight, &c., containing 250 pages, and illustrated with eight colored and other delicate engravings. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having injured the health, happiness, and prvileges to which every human being is entitled. With Confessions of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, full of romance and thrilling interest.
Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.
We have for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time by the advice of many, to the PRIVATE DISEASES, availing ourselves of the knowledge and experience of the most eminent physicians in the principal cities of Europe and on the Continent—such men as CIVIALE, LISFRANC, RICORD, DEBOUT, DESMARRES, DUPUYTREN, CURLINGS, of the French and English hospitals. Our fair circulation through France, Italy, Germany, Holland, England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, is exciting in our route the principal hospitals in Paris, London, Rome, Florence, Naples, Dresden, Berlin, &c., &c., We have been amply repaid by the additional knowledge we have received in the treatment of those diseases to which we have directed our attention. Those who place themselves under our care will receive the full benefit of the many NEW AND EFFICIENT REMEDIES which we are enabled to introduce into this country, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy, and attention lethal paid to their cases, which has so successfully distinguished us as the first in a Physician in our PECULIAR department of professional practice.
Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by addressing a letter stating their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.
☞ Dr. L.'s Office is still located as established: under the name of DR. LA CROIX.
☞ To insure safety to all letters simply address
"THE LA CROIX MEDICAL INSTITUTE,"
No. 31 Madison street, Albany, N. Y.
n6 d&w1y

Law Notice.
C. S. MORSHEAD, Late of Frankfort, Ky. C. M. BRIGGS, Late of Bowling Green, Ky.
MORSHEAD & BRIGGS,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
MESSRS. MORSHEAD & BRIGGS will practice Law in partnership in the Courts held in the city of Louisville and in the Appellate and Federal Courts held in Frankfort. In the absence of one a retainer of either will secure the attention of both.
Prompt Attention Given to the Collection of Claims.
Office on Jefferson street, between Center and Fifth.
ja2 dtf

SHIGGFRIED RENWALD,
No. 311 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson,
MANUFACTURER AND JOBBER OF EVERY variety of JEWELRY. Fine Diamond Mountings and all the new styles of Fine Hair-work Chains made and executed in the most superior style, of the best material. All work warranted. Prices reasonable. Old gold taken in exchange. jun6 dly

WESTERN HOTEL,
LATE VACARO HOUSE,
SOUTH SIDE MARKET, BET. FOURTH & FIFTH,
JACOB FRIEND & CO., Prop'rs.
WE would inform the public that since the above house has passed from the hands of Mrs. Vacaro it has been entirely refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Located in the central and business part of the city, it has rare advantages for the traveling public. The proprietors will spare no pains to make their guests feel comfortable and satisfied in every respect. The best the market can be supplied with the best the market and seasons afford, and the Bar will be stocked with only the best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
☞ We cordially solicit the patronage of the old patrons and of the public in general.
m5 dtf JACOB FRIEND & CO.

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
MESSRS. GARRETT & NICKERSON have purchased the GALLERY on Main street, between Second and Third, Louisville, Ky., formerly occupied by Mr. G. T. Shaw, in which they have spent considerable expense in refitting. The Gallery is now certainly the very finest in the West. We are prepared to furnish all styles of pictures known in the art. Photographs in oil, water colors, and India Ink. Satisfaction given to all. Give us a call.
C. ALFRED GARRETT. GEO. H. NICKERSON.
☞ This Gallery is closed on Sunday. may10

SUNDRIES.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—300 sacks of selected Pennsylvania buckwheat, in 50 pound sacks, suitable for family use, received this day from Pittsburg.
POTATOES—500 bbls choice White, Blues, and Nesbitt Potatoes, just received and for sale low.
CORN—I am constantly receiving prime shelled and ear corn.
ONIONS—I have in store 200 barrels of prime red and white, which I will sell low to close consignment.
BEANS—10 bbls prime white navy.
OATS—500 gunnies prime black and white.
BUTTER—20 and 25 pound tubs of choice Western Reserve received daily.
STRAW AND BAILED OATS—Always on hand.
BRAN, SHORTS, AND SHIPSTUFF—75 tons in store. A. PENTON,
No. 124 Fourth Street.

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CHARLES FARRE
(Late Max Sutaine & Co.),
Rheims.
Purveyors to the Courts of France, Spain, and Prussia, also to the celebrate d Wellington Club, London.
SILLERY, CABINET, IMPERIAL, AND VIN ANGLAIS, in quarts, pints, and ½ pints, for sale by
H. SCHROEDER & SON, 28 Wall st.

WINES AND LIQUORS—
100 baskets and cases Champagne Wine;
50 cases Sparkling Catawba do;
50 do fine Claret do;
8 dozen Gin Sherry do;
8 do old Madeira do;
8 do old Port do;
10 do old Cognac Brandy;
10 do old Apple Brandy;
10 do old Bourbon Whisky;
10 do Whitney's Club House Gin;
80 do London Porter;
80 do Scotch Ale;
60 do Brown Stout.
Now in store and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by
J. P. THOMPSON,
No. 27 Fourth street.

Memoranda and Diary for 1861.
A CONVENIENT and handsome Pocket Memoranda and Diary given to all who may call at the store
at 18 (CLARKE'S.

MOLASSES—200 bbls choice received per Chancellor and for sale by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

SUGAR—51 hhds prime landing from steamer Diana and for sale by
RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

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ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

SUGAR—38 hhds prime landing from steamer Diana and for sale by
RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

N. O. SUGAR—67 hhds prime and choice landing from steamer Fanny Pullitt and for sale by
RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

YANKEE NOTIONS for December trade 1860, at
F. MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE,
321 Third street.

NAILS—700 kegs Belmont for sale by
T. SHANKS & CO.

COFFEE—120 bags Rio Coffee just arrived and for sale by [n6] D. S. BENEDICT & SON.

SHOT—Patent and Buck kept constantly on hand by
[n14] GEO. W. MORRIS. 184 Third st.

PECANS—15 bbls new crop just received and for sale by
GEO. W. MORRIS. 184 Third st.

CANDY SUGARS—25 hhds N. O. Crushed Sugars in store and for sale by
ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS AND HORSE CLOTHING
At prices to suit the times at
C. FROALS,
120 1017 Third st., between Main and Market.

MOLASSES—100 half bbls landing from steamer B. Litie and for sale by
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Cash for Wool.
We will pay cash for wool
THOS. H. HUNT & CO.

MOLASSES—200 bbls prime new crop just received and for sale low by
H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

PERIODICALS—Blackwood and the Foreign Reviews, Eclectic, Harper, Godey, &c., at
CLARKE'S.

REMOVAL.
We have removed our store to No. 122 Main street, between Second and Third streets, next door to the Galt House, where we shall be pleased to see our customers and friends. o26 COOD & MOODY.

COVERING'S SUGAR—100 bbls Crushed, Powdered, and Granulated received per BayCity and for sale by
n18 COOD & MOODY.

FINE TEAS—
8 Mchests fine Green and Black Teas;
75 ½ lb caddiers Teas for families, of an extra quality;
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.
Just received and for sale by
HIBBITT & SON.

THE Mother-in-Law. By Mrs. D. E. N. Southworth. Bound in cloth. Price $1 25.
Campaign Medal, with likenesses of all the different candidates for the Presidency, at 15 cents each.
Call and get one at F. MADDEN'S Bookstore,
321 Third street.

ORANGES—20 bbls Louisiana Oranges to arrive by Woodford, for sale by
V. D. GAETANO & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Burnley's Plantation for Sale.
Splendidly improved, and lying in Issaquena county, Mississipi, 65 miles above Vicksburg. The tract contains over 1,500 acres, near 1,000 acres in the field, well ditched—good roads and well supplied with shade and cisterns—also an abundant supply of cypress—a large and superior steam gin, with circular saw and grist-steam mills attached—superior negro quarters for 150 negroes—good hospital and a good frame dwelling containing 9 rooms. The place is in very good repair, and possession will be given 15th January, 1861. Persons desiring to purchase will address Fellowes & Co., New Orleans. Gov. G. S. Morehead or Crittenden & Co., Louisville, Ky. n7 dtf

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR
(Successors to Jos. Robb),
DEALERS IN PITTSBURG AND PEYTONA CANNEL COAL,
And Sole Agents for the
Pomeroy Coal.
ORDERS for any of the above Coals respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest market prices.
Constantly on hand a large supply of the "PEYTONA CANNEL" and "PEACOCK" POMEROY COALS, which for kitchen, parlor, or chamber will have no superior.
Office No. 204 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand; and at No. 2-3, southwest corner Brook and Market streets. jan28 dtf

HINZEN, ROSEN, & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Market Street,
North side, between Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Editors Louisville Journal'

GENTLEMEN: I am to-day a healthy and happy man by the scientific skill of DR. W. M. FELIX of your city. I have been redeemed from the most dreadful of all maladies. For a long time (ten years) I have been afflicted with the effects of Onanism or self-abuse, and, having failed to get relief from celebrated physicians, I was advised to apply to DR. FELIX, which, thank Heaven, I did, experiencing from his scientific treatment a perfect cure.
I make this communication from the most benevolent of motives, hoping that my unfortunate fellow-sufferers will find relief as I did. And if the physicians who treated my case think the truth, there are many in this most dreadful of all conditions.
A CITIZEN.
j17 d6w

MISCELLANEOUS.

POP CORN BALLS.
THIS favorite article of Confectionery can now be had at wholesale of the following houses:
BRADAS & SHULTZ, Louisville, Ky.,
D. DI GAETANO & CO., Louisville, Ky.,
JAS. H. McCURDY, New Albany, Ind., and at the Factory on Fifth Street, between Main and Market, and at retail by all confectioners.
jy7 dly

BOOTS AND SHOES
AT
REDUCED PRICES!
THE subscriber having a large stock of Ladies' and Gent's Winter Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters on hand, all of his own manufacture, offers at greatly reduced prices for cash.
Gent's in want of fine Calf Winter Boots can be accommodated to their fancy by a price of $3 per pair, cash only.
Also, a

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

GREEN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

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Daily Journal, delivered in the City, $12 per annum; by mail, $8 ; paid in advance, or $10 if not paid within three months; Country Daily, Tri-Weekly, $6; for any period less than one year, 50 cents a month; Weekly, $2. Evening Bulletin, $6; if mailed, $8.

CLUB PRICES—IN ADVANCE:
Weekly—Five copies or more, $1 50 each.

ADVERTISING—IN DAILY JOURNAL:
1 square (10 lines or less) first insertion..... $1 00
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☞ For full particulars see Prospectus. Yearly advertising, &c., see first column on first page.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1861.

☞ We make room in our columns this morning for the late speech of Gov. Helm before the members of the Legislature at Frankfort. The speech, though in our opinion not without some very grave errors, if we comprehend it fully, is nevertheless one of, signal force, and of equal frankness. Moreover, it contains much that is worthy of the best consideration.

☞ The following resolutions were on Friday last introduced into the lower House of the Legislature of Kentucky:

1. *Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky*, That to preserve the peace of the country, and give time for a friendly solution of our national difficulties, we respectfully advise and request the President of the United States, with as little delay as possible, to withdraw the Federal forces from seceding States, or from any State upon the request of the Governor thereof, believing, as we do, that the continuance of the Federal forces in the midst of States is a perpetual cause of excitement and alarm, and calculated to prevent that calm exercise of judgment and patriotic discretion, necessary to a peaceful adjustment of the alarming difficulties between the 8 sections.

2. *Resolved*, That if the object be to settle the difficulties between the Federal Government and the seceding States, the continuance of Federal troops in the said States is unnecessary and improper.

3. *Resolved*, That if the difficulties are settled, their presence is wholly unnecessary, as the original status can and will be restored.

Before we offer a word of comment on these extraordinary resolutions, we beg to adduce the President's own estimate of his duty in the case.

The President said in his last annual message:

In short, let us look the danger fairly in the face. Secession is neither more nor less than revolution. Such a movement can be a justifiable revolution, but still it is revolution.

What in the mean time, is the responsibility and the position of the President? He has sworn solemnly on oath before God and the country "to take care that the laws be faithfully executed," and from this obligation he cannot be absolved by any human power.

* * * * * * *

Then in regard to the property of the United States in South Carolina. This has been purchased for a fair equivalent, "by the consent of the Legislature of the State," "for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, &c." Can these, then, the authority "to exercise exclusive legislation" has been expressly granted by the Constitution to the United States, be seized from him? It would be made to expel the United States from this property by force; but if in this I should prove to be mistaken, the officer in command of the forts has received orders to act strictly on the defensive. In such a contingency, the responsibility of consequences would rightfully rest upon the heads of the assailants.

Apart from the execution of the laws, so far as this may be practicable, the Executive has no authority to decide what constitutes the relations between the Federal Government and South Carolina. He has been invested with no such discretion. He possesses no power to change the relations heretofore existing between them, much less to acknowledge the independence of that State. This would be to invest a mere Executive officer with the power of recognizing the dissolution of the Confederacy among our thirty-three sovereign States. It bears no resemblance to the recognition of a foreign *de facto* government, involving no such responsibility. Any attempt to do this would, on his part, be a naked act of usurpation.

In his reply nearly a month later to the Commissioners of South Carolina, who urged upon him precisely what the resolutions above "advise and request", he said:

At this gloomy period of our history startling events succeed each other so rapidly that on the day, the 27th instant, that possession of these two forts was taken the Palmetto flag was raised over the Federal custom-house and post-office in Charleston; and on the same day every officer of the customs—Collector, Naval Officer, Surveyor, and Appraiser—resigned their offices. And this, although I was well known from the language of my message that as an executive officer I felt myself bound to collect the revenue at the port of Charleston under the existing laws. In the harbor of Charleston we now find three forts confronting each other, over all of which the Federal flag floated only four days since, but now over two of these, this flag has been supplanted, and the Palmetto flag has been substituted in its stead.

It is under these circumstances that I am urged immediately to withdraw the troops from the harbor of Charleston, and am informed that without this negotiation is impossible. This I cannot do; this I will not do. Such a idea never for a moment thought of by me in any possible contingency. No such allusion had been made in any communication between myself and any human being.

But the inference is that I am expected to withdraw the troops from the only fort remaining in the possession of the United States in the harbor of Charleston, because the officer there in command of all the forts thought proper, without instructions, to change his position from one of them to another.

At this point of writing I have received information by telegraph from Capt. Humphreys, in command of the arsenal at Charleston, that "it has to-day (Sunday, the 30th inst.) been taken by force of arms." It is estimated that the munitions of war belonging to the United States in this arsenal are worth half a million of dollars.

Comment is needless. After this information, I have only to add that, whilst it is my duty to defend Fort Sumter as a portion of the public property of the States against hostile attacks, from whatever quarter they may come, by such means as I may possess for this purpose, I do not perceive how this can be effected without instituting a menace against the city of Charleston.

And again,the President said in his special message of the 8th of January last:

I will not endeavor to make a display, but to speak to you in a plain way, as a plain man should.

It is my opinion that secession from the General Government is without authority, express or implied, or reserved in our organic forms of government. I acknowledge the great right of man for unlimited cause to change his place of abode, who engage in it are the judges of the sufficiency of the cause and the time. I think our brothers of the South have causes, though not sufficient to justify their precipitate action. I think no cause exists which by time and patience might not have found a remedy within the Union. I do not justify the secession movement of Southern members of their official places. But they are men of honor and intelligence, and are better able than I am to determine the propriety likely their course. On the other hand, it is my opinion that the long persistent course of the Republican party in the North in denying to the South their constitutional rights is the foundation of the crisis at hand. But we cannot mend the past. We must provide for the future. I announce to you my determination to do whatever in my power to preserve the Union if there is still vitality enough in what remains of it to assist in its heal its deep wounds and restore it to its original matchless worth and glory. If that cannot be done, no one every effort to restore or reconstruct it with such amendments in its organic law as will effectually and forever remove from the cause of discord, and put out of reasonable hope no longer exists am I willing to listen to the construction of separate Confederacies, composed of its dismembered parts.

In the accomplishment of my avowed purpose, I take, as my stand-point, the joint resolutions adopted at the Louisville Conventions on the 8th of January, more nearly expressing what is the right direction to accomplish that purpose than any other. Those resolutions sum up the causes of complaint, which the South have against the North. They demand, in a respectful and becoming manner, reparation or recognition and security for our rights in the Union, as guaranteed by our Constitution; and say that the people of Kentucky will submit to no less. The remedies proposed are in the adoption of the amendments to the Constitution as proposed by Mr. Crittenden. The other, to propose to our sister States to join in a request to the Congress to call a National Convention to propose amendments to the Constitution. My solution of these propositions is that Kentucky is pledged by her honor to allow such time as will, according to the act to be performed, be reasonably required, but is by no act, in the meantime, disqualify herself by any hostile act towards the General Government to receive a Convention to ratify the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States? The Constitution and Congress do not confer the authority, but direct or enact the mode, and look to State authority for the authority, mode, and manner of carrying it into effect. It must be remembered that there exists no difficulty about the State Convention. No one proposes to touch that, and it is asserted that such Convention would have no legitimate authority to touch it, nor would a Convention to ratify amendments. We have two Governments: one State, that is perfect and as we want it; the other, Federal, that is crumbling into ruin; and our lives, property, happiness, and personal safety may depend on immediate action to form a combination of States as one Government to resist aggressions. Is there such a case at hand. Look to the action of Northern States in the expression of their readiness to shed Southern blood. You have said you would take part in that fight when it comes. Suppose, then, our Federal relations are dissolved, and our safety depended on a Union for physical force to secure these great blessings, the chief object of all government? Are we without a remedy? "No," says one, "we have the right of revolution; the right the people have to assemble and take care of themselves." You are right. It is revolutionize the State government, because we are satisfied with that, and I am now providing a remedy for a state of case which I trust in God may not occur. I will not anticipate it, but may come: I mean a dissolution of the Union. I have said a new state of things present new ideas, and a force of circumstances impel us to look to a remedy for evils.

I have before me the Constitution of Kentucky, and that clause which directs a convention to amend it. Six years is required to accomplish that. In construing an instrument which embraces two provisions which seem or do, in fact, conflict, we are to get at the intention of the parties who act, and reconcile the apparent contradiction, if possible, to effect the purposes contemplated.

That same Constitution contains this clause: "That all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority and instituted for their peace, safety, and happiness, security, and protection of property. For the advancement of these ends, they have *at all times* an indefeasible right to alter, reform, or abolish their government in such manner as they think proper." The above is in the Bill of Rights, and the remarkable fact exists that the words "*security and protection*" are not in the new Constitution added to the work, in the two former Constitutions, "peace, safety, and happiness" are found. The declaration, under which no existing state of facts can occur to justify its application and action under it, then it ought never to have been put there.

Now, it may be the force of impending circumstances has some weight with me in forcing my conclusions, but if there was ever a time in history when the property likely their course. On the other hand, it is my opinion that the long persistent course of the Republican party in the North in denying to the South their constitutional rights is the foundation of the crisis at hand. But we cannot mend the past. We must provide for the future. I announce to you my determination to do whatever in my power to preserve the Union if there is still vitality enough in what remains of it to assist in its heal its deep wounds and restore it to its original matchless worth and glory. If that cannot be done, no one every effort to restore or reconstruct it with such amendments in its organic law as will effectually and forever remove from the cause of discord, and put out of reasonable hope no longer exists am I willing to listen to the construction of separate Confederacies, composed of its dismembered parts.

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Certainly not from the Constitution of the United States. For if we assume that, then it is to the same source of power we look for Legislatures to ratify amendments; that cannot be.

How, then, are we to treat this great question of power to call a Convention? I maintain by and under the authority of the Constitution, Congress selec:s the mode, and that is directory to the States—relying on State authority to direct and carry it out. I think the Constitution was written and framed by men who, according to our theory of Government, acted on the idea that no State republican in its form would ever be without a legislative department, or would ever place it out of their power to respond to and call into action her sovereign power to meet great and important emergencies. It requires the action of the Legislature to throw around this exercise of power legal forms and to guard against frauds. That the will of the people may by some legal rule be authoritatively known, the qualification of its members and voters should be prescribed. I will elaborate this subject still more in another part of my address, and beg your serious consideration of the position in which you place the State by persisting in the idea that Kentucky is estopped from the exercise of her original sovereign power except under the tedious process required of six years.

I now approach a subject of the gravest consideration, which has challenged my deepest thought with an earnest desire to a right conclusion for my own mind. It is one which we of Kentucky sicken to contemplate, and turn our minds away from the subject. But we owe it to ourselves no longer to be blind to passing events. A wise man will make provision for what seems to him inevitable at the time, though it may never happen.

There is no word of more frequent use in political circles than the term Disunion. Now, my countrymen, I ask you what is the meaning of this word which we have been taught to believe brought with it so many untold evils? What must happen to produce dissolution? What are its indispensable requisites? When is the time we reach it? Can it be possible that we have been using a word as familiarly as we use household words, and do not fully comprehend its? Have we exercised our minds in foreshadowing its evils, and alarming the popular mind of its dreaded consequences? And yet we do not know what is the extent of the evil. I confess I ask you a question which is easier to be asked than answered. I have my opinions, some not entirely satisfactory to myself, others conclusive, and I suggest them for consideration.

In the formation of my opinion, I reserve to myself the right to resolve every doubt that is present in favor of the continued existence of the Union. But it is indispensable to me, with the fixed purpose I have when ever that dreaded catastrophe is to be met, to strike at once with all the mind and might I have to reconstruction of the scattered fragments on a basis to be accepted by all, that I shall by my own mind when that dreadful word is defined.

The Louisville resolutions maintain it is to be effected by consent or revolution, but we are left in the dark as to the manner and mode of consent, or the extent of revolution, or when that revolution is complete. We are left to our own reflections, to arrive at conclusion by a calm survey of the nature of our government and to existing and accruing or contemplated facts.

By the expressed opinion of our wisest men this Government is a confederacy. Whilst those confederate fall, Kentucky stands pledged not to *submit*, and her known integrity and chivalry forbids the idea that she will falsify her pledge. She has not in any precise manner pointed out her course when she has arrived at the point of non-submission, but her course will doubtless be ascertained in reason, it may be of vital moment to Kentucky to be in a position to take some definite action simultaneous with the rejection of all hope of compromise.

I find a sentiment prevailing here that there is no power in Kentucky to assemble a Convention, except in the manner prescribed for amendments of the Constitution of the State, which will require six years. The news had reached the Capital, before my arrival, that I had expressed opinions favorable to a Convention, and I was met by some old and valued friends with stern rebuke, accompanied with expressions that a call of a Convention would be unconstitutional, and had for its object secession and disunion.

I had the honor, and regard it as a very distinguished honor, to preside over the Union Convention at Louisville, and thought I knew what I was proclaiming as my future political action. As the very essence of the proceedings of that meeting was the endorsement of the resolutions of two amendments to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by Mr. Crittenden, I considered myself pledged to that result. Allow me now to read to you that clause of the Constitution which makes provision for it amendment.

"The Congress, when ever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to the Constitution; or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing amendments, which, in *either case*, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as par. of the Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by *Conventions* in three-fourths thereof, *as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by Congress.*"

Let us now see how our distinguished Senator proposes, through Congress, to have the amendments proposed by him ratified.

"*Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, two thirds of both Houses concurring:* That the following articles be, and are hereby proposed and submitted as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, when ratified by Conventions of three-fourths of the several States.

It is perceived a concession to the mode proposed by Congress for the ratification. It will hardly be insisted that our venerable Senator and those co-operating with him were planning for Secession and disolution, and that he was backed and endorsed by the two respectable Conventions held in Louisville. And now let me, without any knowledge of the motives which prompted him, venture to give his reasons. The present Legislatures in the North are composed of Republican majorities intense in their hatred to slavery, and but little could be hoped from them. We are told a mighty revolution is taking place in the Northern mind. Mr. Crittenden, as a wise stroke of policy, wished to be availed of that change in the public mind to be manifested in the election of delegates to a convention who would be selected alone for the purpose of acting on the proposition presented. I suggested the propriety of passing a bill to have effect when there was final action on Mr. Crittenden's amendment if passed, to give an earnest to the North that Kentucky was prepared at this moment to embrace. May n ot this presentation serve to warn gentlemen, in a crisis like this, against rushing quickly to conclusions of the most infamous and inexcusable character that was ever contemplated. If the Union men of these seceded States dared at this moment to raise their voices against Secession, as the Union men of the Northern States are raising theirs against Abolitionism, there would never be any Southern Confederacy, but a few weeks more would find all except perhaps petulant South Carolina asking re-admission into the Union they have madly and cowardly abandoned.

The insolence of South Carolina toward Virginia is the subject of much severe comment. The resolutions of the Palmetto State Legislature in reference to the mission of Judge Robertson, are insulting to the whole people of the Old Dominion and to the whole Union, "Upon what meat doth this our Ceasar feed that he has grown so great?" The miserable little rice-planting community of South Carolina turns up its aristocratic nose at the great Commonwealth of Virginia; and its Legislature, of out-laws, with unparalleled impudence, informs the noble old Mother of States and of statesmen that her kindly proffered mediation cannot be accepted because forsooth Virginia will not transfer her allegiance from the great American Union to the tiny little swamp land Republic. Surely nothing more can be needed to prove to the people of the Old Dominion that sympathy for South Carolina is altogether undeserved, and that the empty assurances of cordial respect and esteem for the people of Virginia and high consideration for her commissioner, with which South Carolina shuts her doors in the face of Virginia's Commissioner, only aggravate the insult. The United States Government, its Congress, composed of Representatives from all the States except those which have seceded, have accepted the proposed mediation of Virginia and now await the action of the Commissioners to assemble in Washington on Monday next at the invitation of the Virginia Legislature. The government and the State of the Union have not been dishonored by listening to the appeal of the old State within who bosom repose the ashes of so many of America's great and honored dead, but South Carolina, with a white population much smaller than that of single counties in many of the States, insolently declines to even entertain the proposition for Virginia's mediation. "Ephraim is joined to his idols. Let him alone." South Carolina started out to build up a Southern Confederacy upon the ruins of a shattered Union; let her and her associates alone to pay the penalty of their folly in the degradation which must be their only portion until they repent and turn from the error of their ways and humbly crave permission to shelter themselves from public scorn under the still glorious stars and stripes of the Union.

The debate upon Corwin's report from the Committee of Thirty-three still continues. It will not be arrested until the completion of the deliberations of the Commissioners from the States which are to meet here on Monday. The programme now proposed is that these Commissioners shall prepare a plan of adjustment, which shall be presented to Congress by Mr. Crittenden, and shall be passed at once instead of any and all of the propositions now pending. No one can tell what these measures of adjustment shall be, but it seems impossible that anything new or different materially from what has already been proposed, from some source, can be designed. It is thought that the measures of the Commissioners will include the principal features of either Crittenden's plan or Corwin's report from the Committee of Thirty-three, or Harris' resolutions from the Border State Caucus. In the temper at present prevailing here, there will be no difficulty in the passage through both Houses of either of these propositions, or of one made up of selections from all of them,

L. A. W

SPEECH OF EX-GOV. HELM, AT FRANKFORT.

MY COUNTRYMEN: We are in the midst of a revolution. Our long loved and cherished government piece by piece is falling into ruin. We must no longer delude ourselves. It is our duty calmly to consider passing and foreshadowed events, and prepare to meet them promptly. Kentucky must act her part. If this Union can be preserved from complete wreck, it will be done by the united effort of Virginia, Kentucky, and Tennessee. They must assume to be and act as mediators in this great national conflict. Among the purposes which I hope to accomplish by suggestion and reasoning with you is to produce, such far as possible, unanimity of feeling. I want to see Kentucky a unit in coming events. It may be of vital moment to secure domestic tranquility, to guard ourselves against impressions which may be made on the Northern mind fatal to the accomplishment of your great mission of peace. May I not hope that you will cease to question the motives and loyalty of each other, and to denounce the people North and South. If the government can be saved, it will only be accomplished by moderation and mutual forbearance, that the minds of men may be left free to reason.

In the failing of this proud fabric, the work of our fathers, hitherto considered the proudest monument ever erected to human wisdom, many new and unexplored questions will be presented for your solution and action. The ideas which your fathers, will be found equal to the occasion.

It is more my purpose to suggest questions for your consideration than to elaborate any opinion of my own on the various questions which are worthy of consideration. I am not unaware of the responsibility one assumes in taking on him self to pioneer opinions on occasions so full of importance to the country. But I hold it to be the duty of every one to speak out boldly, for it is by our separate thoughts that a well directed public opinion may be formed. I have made up my mind to give the country the thoughts I have, with the reserved right at any moment to change the opinion I may express. I will not be a model mere servile to my country by surrendering than retaining it.

I will not endeavor to make a display, but to speak to you in a plain way, as a plain man should.

It is my opinion that secession from the General Government is without authority, express or implied, or reserved in our organic forms of government. I acknowledge the great right of man for unlimited cause to change his place of abode, who engage in it are the judges of the sufficiency of the cause and the time. I think our brothers of the South have causes, though not sufficient to justify their precipitate action. I think no cause exists which by time and patience might not have found a remedy within the Union. I do not justify the secession movement of Southern members of their official places. But they are men of honor and intelligence, and are better able than I am to determine the propriety likely their course. On the other hand, it is my opinion that the long persistent course of the Republican party in the North in denying to the South their constitutional rights is the foundation of the crisis at hand. But we cannot mend the past. We must provide for the future. I announce to you my determination to do whatever in my power to preserve the Union if there is still vitality enough in what remains of it to assist in its heal its deep wounds and restore it to its original matchless worth and glory. If that cannot be done, no one every effort to restore or reconstruct it with such amendments in its organic law as will effectually and forever remove from the cause of discord, and put out of reasonable hope no longer exists am I willing to listen to the construction of separate Confederacies, composed of its dismembered parts.

In the accomplishment of my avowed purpose, I take, as my stand-point, the joint resolutions adopted at the Louisville Conventions on the 8th of January, more nearly expressing what is the right direction to accomplish that purpose than any other. Those resolutions sum up the causes of complaint, which the South have against the North. They demand, in a respectful and becoming manner, reparation or recognition and security for our rights in the Union, as guaranteed by our Constitution; and say that the people of Kentucky will submit to no less. The remedies proposed are in the adoption of the amendments to the Constitution as proposed by Mr. Crittenden. The other, to propose to our sister States to join in a request to the Congress to call a National Convention to propose amendments to the Constitution. My solution of these propositions is that Kentucky is pledged by her honor to allow such time as will, according to the act to be performed, be reasonably required, but is by no act, in the meantime, disqualify herself by any hostile act towards the General Government to receive a Convention to ratify the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States? The Constitution and Congress do not confer the authority, but direct or enact the mode, and look to State authority for the authority, mode, and manner of carrying it into effect. It must be remembered that there exists no difficulty about the State Convention. No one proposes to touch that, and it is asserted that such Convention would have no legitimate authority to touch it, nor would a Convention to ratify amendments. We have two Governments: one State, that is perfect and as we want it; the other, Federal, that is crumbling into ruin; and our lives, property, happiness, and personal safety may depend on immediate action to form a combination of States as one Government to resist aggressions. Is there such a case at hand. Look to the action of Northern States in the expression of their readiness to shed Southern blood. You have said you would take part in that fight when it comes. Suppose, then, our Federal relations are dissolved, and our safety depended on a Union for physical force to secure these great blessings, the chief object of all government? Are we without a remedy? "No," says one, "we have the right of revolution; the right the people have to assemble and take care of themselves." You are right. It is revolutionize the State government, because we are satisfied with that, and I am now providing a remedy for a state of case which I trust in God may not occur. I will not anticipate it, but may come: I mean a dissolution of the Union. I have said a new state of things present new ideas, and a force of circumstances impel us to look to a remedy for evils.

I have before me the Constitution of Kentucky, and that clause which directs a convention to amend it. Six years is required to accomplish that. In construing an instrument which embraces two provisions which seem or do, in fact, conflict, we are to get at the intention of the parties who act, and reconcile the apparent contradiction, if possible, to effect the purposes contemplated.

That same Constitution contains this clause: "That all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority and instituted for their peace, safety, and happiness, security, and protection of property. For the advancement of these ends, they have *at all times* an indefeasible right to alter, reform, or abolish their government in such manner as they think proper." The above is in the Bill of Rights, and the remarkable fact exists that the words "*security and protection*" are not in the new Constitution added to the work, in the two former Constitutions, "peace, safety, and happiness" are found. The declaration, under which no existing state of facts can occur to justify its application and action under it, then it ought never to have been put there.

Now, it may be the force of impending circumstances has some weight with me in forcing my conclusions, but if there was ever a time in history when the property likely their course. On the other hand, it is my opinion that the long persistent course of the Republican party in the North in denying to the South their constitutional rights is the foundation of the crisis at hand. But we cannot mend the past. We must provide for the future. I announce to you my determination to do whatever in my power to preserve the Union if there is still vitality enough in what remains of it to assist in its heal its deep wounds and restore it to its original matchless worth and glory. If that cannot be done, no one every effort to restore or reconstruct it with such amendments in its organic law as will effectually and forever remove from the cause of discord, and put out of reasonable hope no longer exists am I willing to listen to the construction of separate Confederacies, composed of its dismembered parts.

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I assume if the Southern States cannot be brought back by their voluntary will, and we have no power to coerce them back, without additional security, it is, I maintain, the only idea on which the Government as a whole can be reconstructed.

We have presented for our consideration the formation of a Central Confederation of States, on the border North and South of the Ohio. How can that be effected? By submitting a dissolution of the Union. If the Northern States assume that the Government still exists, and that they have their unbroken action constitute the Union, it would not be consistent with our accepted principles to seduce the Border non-slaveholding States from their loyalty to their avowed Government to form another. We who assume that Illinois will take position in the next four years to displace Mr. Lincoln, by disrupting the Government of which he is the acknowledged head, to form other associations. Who supposes Virginia and Tennessee would enter into a new Confederacy with Mr. Lincoln its acknowledged head. I am led to present ideas practically to be carried out, that our minds may be brought fairly to calculate all the difficulties which lies in our way, that we may properly consider them.

Now, if I am asked what should Kentucky do when this proud fabric is laid in ruin, with thirty-three States representing distinct sovereignties, as the material of the new Government, I answer, I would have her throw herself in the midst of that ruin, and grapple the Constitution, with the additions added, in one hand, and the standard which upholds the Eagle and the Stars and Stripes in the other, and lift them high in the heavens and call aloud: "Here is the basis for a reunion of the States." When first one and then another shall fall in till the galaxy is made complete, I would have her send up a shout to Heaven that reason had triumphed. That would be a triumph for freedom restored, and liberty still reigns supreme in the hearts of the American people.

If I am correct in that idea, and it shall be acted on, we are to have the Union restored by the reconstruction must begin on a basis which will secure all the rights for which we are contending. We have a right to demand that the Border States, if, then, we reach a point where we cannot get redress in the appointed mode, it is time for action. In view of the case, if we persist in the opinion that the Union is dissolved, and that the bond of Union, and cannot execute its laws, it is to all intents and purposes dissolved. We have a right to call a Convention, because we are the measure of my calculation. I therefore submit the idea for consideration

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 3 A. M.

Departure of Trains.

Jeffersonville Railroad.

Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago Express....6:00 A. M.
Cincinnati and Indianapolis Eastern Express.2:30 P. M.
St. Louis and Cairo Night Express.....9:30 P. M.

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad.

On and after Wednesday, December 15, 1860, trains will leave New Albany as follows:

St. Louis and Chicago Express Mail.....10:15 A. M.
St. Louis Night Express.....10:15 P. M.
Through Accommodation.....3:15 P. M.

Trains arrive at New Albany as follows:

Louisville Express.....6:00 A. M.
Accommodation.....1:15 P. M.
Louisville Mail.....7 30 P. M.

Louisville and Lexington Railroad.

Passenger Train No. 1 at.....6:00 A. M.
Passenger Train No. 3 at.....2:10 P. M.
Accommodation Train at.....3:50 P. M.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Mail Train No. 1.....7:45 A. M.
Express Train No. 3 (Sundays excepted).....7:00 P. M.
Bardstown Branch No. 2.....2:15 P. M.
Lebanon Branch No. 1.....7:15 A. M.
Lebanon Branch No. 3.....3:00 P. M.
Memphis Branch No. 1.....7:00 A. M.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD FOR FEB. 3, 1861.

OBSERVED DAILY BY E. S. WOODRUFF, Corner Second and Chestnut sts.

THERMOMETER.		BAROMETER.		Thermometer attached.
Open Air.	Max. Min.			
7 o'clock	2 o'clock 9 o'clock	7 o'clock	2 o'clock 9 o'clock	
31 34	50 50	32 29.880	29.874 29.870	42 50 55

DEW POINT. Psychrometer.		Wind.	
7 o'clock.	2 o'clock. 9 o'clock.	7 o'clock.	2 o'clock. 9 o'clock.
Wet Dry 29 31	Wet Dry 31 31	Dry 29	Dry 0 0

CLOUDS. 9 o'clock.			RAIN.
Amount.	Kind.	Velocity.	Direction.	in guage in inches.
Allen.	Nimbus.	0	N.W.	.00

☞ Hon. J. F. Bell left his home, in Danville, for Washington, on Friday morning.

ROBBERY.—A gold watch and a quantity of gentlemen's clothing was stolen by burglars from the residence of Lewis Oliver, on Sixth street between Chestnut and Broadway, about 4 o'clock Saturday morning.

THOMAS EWING, JR.—The Cincinnati Commercial says that the Hon. Thomas Ewing, Jr., formerly of Cincinnati, now of Leavenworth, Kansas, stands very high on the list of candidates for the U. S. Senate. Senators will be elected within a few days to represent Kansas, and the probability is Mr. Ewing will be one of them.

HONORABLY ACQUITTED.—We stated a few days ago that a shopkeeper named Wm. McAtier had been arrested at the complaint of Wm. Lowry on a charge of larceny. It was clearly shown on the examination that, so far from having committed larceny, Mr. McAtier had not actually had any of Lowry's goods in his possession, and he was accordingly honorably acquitted.

MADAME CLIFTON.—Madame Arabella Clifton, the whilom sorceress, was arrested in Memphis on Wednesday on a charge of having produced an abortion upon a white woman and underwent a preliminary examination. The principal witness against the accused is a woman who was present at her employ, and who testifies that she saw the operation performed while looking through a keyhole. The Madame was remanded to jail for trial in default of $1,000 bail. Madame Clifton was formerly a resident of this city.

REVIVALS IN LEXINGTON.—A great revival is now in progress at the Second Methodist Church, in Lexington, under the charge of Rev. G. W. Merritt. The meeting was commenced some three weeks since by Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, and has been continued by Rev. Mr. Spruelle, of Paris, and others. Eighty persons have attached themselves to the church so far. In the Second Presbyterian Church, of Lexington, under the charge of Rev. R. G. Brank, a revival is also in progress, and we understand many additions to the church have been made during the meeting.

THE THEATRE.—Mr. J. Collins, the most successful Irish Comedian on the stage, and one of the very few who approach the Irish gentlemen, will make his appearance this evening at the theatre, in Bourcecault's renowned play of Colleen Bawn, or The Brides of Garryowen. Of course the theatre-goers will be on the *qui vive*.

MURDER AT CARLISLE, IND.—We learn from Vincennes (Ind.) Gazette that Mr. Joshua Alsop, a merchant of Carlisle, Ind., was murdered on Thursday night. It is supposed he was murdered for his money. Parties are in pursuit of the murderers.

WORKING-MEN'S MEETINGS.—The regular meetings of the Working-men will be held as follows: Seventh and Eighth Ward Club at Bettison's Hall, corner Eleventh and Market streets, on Wednesday evening at half-past 7 o'clock; First and Second Ward Club at Schwind's Exchange, on Jefferson street, below Clay, on Thursday evening; Third and Fourth Ward Club, at Apollo Hall, corner First and Jefferson streets, on Friday evening. All working-men who desire to co-operate are invited to be present.

☞ We stated a few days ago that a gentleman named Charles McQuinn, supposed to have been from Montgomery county, Kentucky, died in that place on the 15th inst. He was engaged there as a school-teacher, and had a diploma from the Louisville Commercial College, dated March, 1854. The Mount Sterling Whig says that the deceased was brought there on Friday last, and buried in the cemetery. He is originally from Morgan county, but was principally raised in Montgomery county, where he was universally loved and esteemed, and regarded as a young man of much promise.

ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR.—The entertainment to be given by the German Turners Association and musical societies, for the benefit of the poor, will take place at Masonic Temple on Wednesday evening next. Aside from the noble object of the entertainment the high character of the amateurs who offer it will render it attrative and pleasing.

THE HOLMAN TROUPE.—The celebrated Holman Parlor Opera Troupe will commence a series of entertainments, at Mozart Hall, this evening. An advertisement will be found in another column.

☞ Not since the days of the Marsh Children have we attended to agreeable and pleasant an entertainment as that on Thursday evening, given by the above troupe. They are excellent singers, and display much histrionic talent. Miss Sallie and little Julia are perfect little pets, singing as sweetly as nightingales, and dancing like fairies, while they throw in just enough of child-like vivacity and *naivete* to keep an audience interested through the entire entertainment. Masters Alfred and Benjamin fill up their parts well. The drum solo at Master Alfred was a perfect gem, and, as we anticipated, was encored with a will."

We know our people will appreciate these entertainments and patronise them, notwithstanding the tight times. Church members can attend without hearing or seeing anything offensive to their professions.

THE CASE OF THE CINCINNATI TIMES CARRIER.—Doctor J. Q. A. Foster was brought before the Mayor of Newport on Thursday, charged with committing an assault and battery upon the carrier of the Times newspaper of Cincinnati. The Doctor claimed a jury trial, which was had—the jury agreeing to disagree. The consequence was, that a new tri l was granted the defendant, which was to come off yesterday.

BURNING OF THE HELENA SHIELD.—The office of the Helena Shield was entirely consumed by fire on the 24th ult. Loss about $8,500, and no insurance. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, but Mr. Q. R. Underwood, the proprietor, informs us that he has no paper shelf on, even though he has to employ an officer day and night to watch his premises. Success to him.

THE OQUAWKA BANK ROBBERY.—John Barnes and B. F. Johnson have been arrested in $5,000 each to answer charges of robbing the banking house of Phelps & Co., of Ottawa, Ill., under circumstances familiar to our readers. Joseph K. Barnes has been discharged. Litten, who escaped and was recaptured, has turned State's evidence. He acknowledges that his charge against J. K. Barnes, like that against young Phelps, is false and malicious.

A DISHONEST SHERIFF.—John M. Girault, late Sheriff of Claiborne county, Miss., has been arrested on the charge of "wilfully defrauding Claiborne county of $9,446 50." Mr. Girault was lodged in jail, but was brought out for trial; but on account of some informality in the papers, as well as for the want of proper evidence, the complaint was dismissed, and the prisoner released from custody. But before Girault had time to get out of the room, he was rearrested by the District Attorney, who made affidavit that the prisoner had embezzled the funds of the State to the amount of $3,200, or thereabout; whereupon, Girault was remanded back to jail to await his trial.

CONVENTION OF WORKING-MEN.—At a meeting of the working-men of the Second-house on Saturday evening, Mr. Wm. Drysdale was called to the Chair and Mr. A. S. Kieroff was appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting being to appoint delegates to represent the working-men of the city in the National Convention to be held in Phil delphia on the 22d inst., Messrs. J. M. Laughlin, Will Horan, J. B. Curry, Robert Gilchrist, and A. G. Munn were appointed as a committee to select delegates. After retiring for a short time the committee returned and reported the names of Messrs. Wm. E. Glover and George Ainslie as delegates and Messrs. J. B. Curry and J. Milt. Moore as alternates, which report was unanimously adopted. In the ab ence of the committee Messrs. A. G. Munn and J. M. Alexander addressed the meeting.

PROSPECT OF PEACE.—The Hopkinsville Mercury says B. H. Bristow, Esq., of that place, received a letter from his father, the Hon. F. M. Bristow, Representative from the Third Congressional district, stating that the Republicans at Washington were actually engaged in preparing a liberal basis of adjustment, which would be made public in a few days. The theatering and overbearing curse of the Secession Congressmen hitherto, they affirm, has been in the way of a settlement on honorable terms, up to this time.

AN ITALIAN MAJOR ANDERSON.—There is a Major Anderson in Italy. His name is Pergola, and with a small garrison he holds for Francis II the citadel of Messina. Pergola has warned the citizens that, resolved neither to surrender, nor yet to be starved out, the moment provisions fall short in the fortress he intends to blow it up. With paternal warning he adds: "That being more than eighty-two years old, life is of little consequence to him."

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 2.

Senate.—Mr. Anthony moved a reconsideration of the vote rejecting the resolution from the Committee on Finance to appoint Commissioners to visit sites for the Western Lunatic Asylum. Motion entered.

A bill to amend the charter of the Louisville Masonic Temple Company, having been amended by the House, under a dispensation of the rules the Senate took it up and concurred in the amendment.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of a bill for the benefit of the Sheriff of Washington county, together with the several amendments offered thereto.

Mr. Grundy offered as a substitute for the bill and amendments, "a bill for the benefit of the Sheriffs and tax-payers of this Commonwealth." [Gives further time, till June 1, to pay in taxes in full, but monthly payments of all collections to be made.]

The substitute was amended and adopted in lieu of the bill. Several amendments were offered and considerable discussion ensued thereon, when the bill was ordered to be printed and have its third reading at 10¾ o'clock on Monday.

Mr. Cissell—select committee—A bill to amend the charter of the Highland Coal Company. Ordered to be printed and made the special order for 11½ o'clock on Monday.

Mr. Haycraft—Circuit Courts—A bill to amend the act of March 31, 1860, relative to the duties of clerks of courts in this Commonwealth. Passed.

Mr. Risk—Revised Statutes—A bill to amend Chapter 86, Revised Statutes. Passed.

A bill to amend the Civil Code of Practice. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A resolution was adopted to hold an evening session this evening.

The Senate then adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock.

House—Mr. Bigler reported a bill to incorporate the Bullitt County Manufacturing Company. Passed.

Mr. Machen, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to amend the militia laws. Ordered to be printed and made the special order for Monday next, at 10½ o'clock.

Mr. Underwood laid before the House the Auditor, stating that the Clerk of the Marion county Court had not transmitted to his office the Commissioner's book for the year 1860, in obedience to the requirement of law.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting resolutions adopted by the State Assembly of Kentucky, instructing her

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

☞We learn from the Memphis Avalanche that Capt. Hicks King, of the steamer Golden State, was arraigned before the Recorder yesterday for entertaining passengers while his boat was in port, and fined $50. At Memphis steamboatmen are not permitted to entertain passengers on their boats more than six hours before the time of departure.

THE FLAG OF THE UNION STILL FLYING IN NORTH ALABAMA.—*National Salute Fired, and Yancey Burned in Effigy.*—The workingmen of the town of Athens, Alabama, as we learn from a letter written there on the 29th January, and published in the Nashville Democrat, met in the public square on Saturday night last, and "fired thirty-three guns for the Union and that flag that still waves on the court-house, our enemies at Montgomery and Disunionists everywhere notwithstanding." They then paid a visit to Gen. Houston, who had just returned from Washington, where he many years represented the Athens (Ala.) District in the House. The Nashville Democrat's correspondent says:

The General received the Union men in his usual happy style. He hopes that this glorious Union may still be preserved by the workingmen of the United States. They will, if people but find there, and very much surprised at those they do not find there.

The ex-Duke of Modena recently announced to his little band of troops at Bassano, that he would soon need their services for re-entering his former dukedom, and distributed arms to them.

A letter from Madrid says that at a serious case in court there, the managers of a heathen temple having been complained of for stealing the idols and their ornaments.

The quantity of anthracite coal sent to market from Pennsylvania, in the year 1860, was 8,500,000 tons; increase over 1859, 613,717 tons. In 1820 the trade was only 365 tons.

Twelve thousand guns of the model of 1822, are yet remaining in the United States Arsenal in Springfield, Mass. Workmen are oiling and packing them in boxes for transportation on short notice.

The Grand Vizier is making an inspection of the prisons in Turkey, with the intention of bettering the condition of the inmates. A Turkish prison is a horrible place.

"Why is it, husband, that whenever we send for a pound of tea or coffee to the grocer it falls an ounce short?" "Oh, it's just a weight he has."

The Chinese have a saying that "only fools and beggars feel the cold." Oh, it's one to have not the wit to clothe adequately, the others are too poor to provide necessary clothing.

A convention of working-men is to be held in Portsmouth, Va., on the 12th, to send delegates to the National Convention at Philadelphia, on the 22d.

M. H. d'Arnim, Prussian Embassador at Paris from 1846 to 1848, and subsequently Minister of State in Prussia, died at Dusseldorf recently, aged sixty-three.

COMMERCIAL.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2, M.

Flour and whisky firm. Provisions dull; nothing doing; price nominal. Good demand for molasses; sales 800 bbls at 39. Sugar dull; 100 hhds sold at 5¾@7¼. C flee good demand at full prices.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2, M.

Flour—receipts 2,031 bbls, market dull, heavy, and 5c lower; sales 6,500 bbls at $3 15@5 25 for superfine State, $3 95@4 40 for extra State, $5 15@5 25 for superfine western, $5 55@5 75 for inferior to good shipping brands, extra round hoop Ohio dull and drooping, sales of 200 bbls at $5 80@7 25. Rye flour quiet at $4 40@4 50. Receipts of wheat 1,700 bushels; market dull, heavy, and fully 1c lower; sales of 84,000 bushels at $1 19 for Chicago spring, $1 24@1 26 for Milwaukee club, $1 40 for common white Canadian. Rye dull at 67@70c. Barley steady at 68@80c. Receipts of corn 18,000 bushels; market heavy and lower; sales of 28,000 bushels at 68@69c for extra western in store and delivered.

Oats dull at 36¾@37. Pork dull and unchanged; sales 50 bbls at $17 75@17 87 for mess and $13 for prime. Beef quiet and unchanged with small sales. Cut meats quiet and steady. Lard dull and heavy. Butter in air request at 19@14c for Ohio and 14@19 for State. Cheese steady at 9@10¾. Whisky steady; sales 850 bbls at 18.

RECEIPTS.

Per Chas-eller from New Orleans—300 bbls molasses, 150 hf bbls do, 40 bbls sugar, H D Newcomb & Bro—211 bbls molasses, 20 bbls sugar, A Buchanan & co—20 bbls sugar, Allen, Moore & Haden—50 bbls molasses, Cook & Moody—50 box raisins, 5 bbls nuts, Gee W Morris—2 bales sheepskins, Barnes & Hopkins—1 crate deerskins, 1 bdl do, 3 bdls dry hides, Wm E Garvin—1 pkg murdsc, Tripp & Crege.

CITY DIRECTORY,

Arranged Alphabetically in Regard to

BUSINESS & NAMES.

Auctioneers.

Kehn, L. & Co. north side Main, bet. 4th and 5th.
Anderson, Tho. & Co., 420 Main street.
Henry, Samuel G. & Co., Main st. bet. 3d and 4th.
Spencer, C. C., Main st. bet. 3d and 4th.

Agricultural Implements and Seeds.

Bondurant, J. D., No. 428 Main st., near 6th.
Bashaw, G. W., 516 Main st.
Brent, H. G., 507 Main st.
Sherman & Bro., 631 Main, between Sixth and Seventh.
Munn & Co., corner of Green and 8th.
Fitkin, Wiard, & Co., 315 Main st.
Carter & Buchanan, 474 Main st.

Daguerreotype Galleries.

J. C. Elrod's (formerly Harris's) Gallery, Main, between Fourth and Fifth sts.
Webster & Bro., Main st., between Fourth and Fifth.

Booksellers, Stationers, & Blank Book Manufacturers.

Morton & Griswold, 489 Main st.
Maxwell & Co., Main st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Booksellers, Stationers, and Periodical Dealers.

Robertson, G. W., & Co., Fourth street, near Main.
Bedford, A. H., 223 Third street.
Barnard, J. F. & Co., bet. Main and Market.
Clark, J. W., 4th st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Davidson, A., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Gunter, A., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Madden, F., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.

Bagging and Rope.

Hunt, Thos. H. & Co., Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.

Bunkers.

Curtis & Warren, 471 Main st.

Bonnet Bleacher.

Osborne, Mrs. Wm., Jefferson st., bet. 3d and 4th.

Belting and Wire Goods.

H. W. Wilkes, 4th st., bet. Main and Market.

Clothing and Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods.

Mandeville, J. C., & Co., Main, bet. Second and Third.
Armstrong, A., & corner 4th and Market sts.
Sprouls & Mandeville, corner 4th and Main sts.

Cloths and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

J. Von Borries & Co., 466 Main st., bet. Bullitt and 4th.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Curtain Goods.

Hite & Small, Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.
Marshall & Dickinson, 4th, bet. Market and Main.

Chairs, Mantels, and Varieties.

Merriman, C. T., 4th st., near Main.

Cigars.

Peynado, Ed., Main st., bet. 6th and 7th.
Chinn & Co., Main st., near Fifth.

Cutlery and Silverware.

Casseday & Hopkins, 534 Main st.
Crutcher & McCready, 413 Main st.
Jaeger, A. & Co., 4th st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

Coal Dealers.

Crittenden & Gantt, 54 st., bet. Main and Market.
Kolling, C. N., 54 st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Robb, Jos., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Chas. Miller & Co., 4th and Main.

Chemists and Apothecaries.

Dawes, S. F., corner 4th and Jefferson sts.
Jenkins, Thos. E. & Co., corner 3d and Walnut sts.
Talbott, R. L. & Co., corner 7th and Walnut sts.

Cement.

McHarry, F., Main st., bet. 7th and 8th sts.

Carriage Manufacturers.

Stone, I. F. & Co., Main st., bet. 1st and Brook.

Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, Paints, &c.

Carr & Taylor, Market st., bet. 3d and 4th.
Morris, J. S. & Sons, 461 Main st.
Robinson, R. A. & Co., Main st., bet. 5th and 6th.
Wilson, Peter, & Co., 493 Main st.
Wilder, E., 448 Main st.

Dry Goods, Cloths, &c.

Berry, J. Taylor, Jefferson street, Masonic Temple.
Duvall, C. & Co., Main street, between 2d and 3d.
Guthrie Bros., 419, between Jefferson and Market.
Mark & Downs, Main street, between 4th and 5th.
Robinson, A., 5th street, between Jefferson & Market.
Martin & Crumbaugh, 4th, between Market & Jefferson.
Tabb, G. B., corner 4th and Market.

Dentists.

Caldwell, J. F., St. Cloud Hotel, corner Soc. and Jeff.

Daguerreotypist Materials, Well Papers, &c.

Hegan & Estcott, 3d st., bet. Jefferson and 4th.

Express Companies.

American Express Co., Main street, between 5th & 6th.

Furs and Fur Goods.

Craig, A., Main street, between 4th and 5th.

Fancy Goods, Embroideries, and Trimmings.

Rauchfuss, Charles F., 4th street, bet. Market and Jeff.

Fishing Tackle, Guns, and Pistols.

Dickson & Gilbert, 3d st., bet. Main and Market.
Griffith, Joseph, 6th street, bet. Main and Market.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Candies, &c.

Borie, Alfred, 3d street, between Market and Main.
Gaetano, V. D. & Co., Main street, between 7th and 8th.
Kaye, A. W., 503 Main street.

Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes, Bank Locks, and Vaults.

Harig, Augustus C., 3d st., between Jefferson and Market.

Fire, Marine, and Life Insurance Co.'s and Agents.

American Ins. Co., H. Dant, Sec., Main, bet. 3d and 4th.
Bullock & Pearce, Main st., bet. 4th and 5th.
Jefferson Ins. Co., Wm. Muir, Sec., Main, bet. 3d and 4th.
Louisville Ins. Co., Robt. Atwood, Sec., Main, bet. 3d and 4th.
Muir, John, Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.
Rose, Wm., Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.
Vernon & Sons, 494 Main st., agents.
Washington Ins. Co., Wm. Ross, Sec., Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.

Founders, Engine Builders, and Machinists.

Hawley, Billings, & Co., cor. 6th and Water sts.

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods.

Armstrong, J. M., cor. 4th and Main sts.
Blanchard, Geo. & Son, cor. 3d and Main sts.
Davidson, A., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
A. W. Roath, 4th st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

Gas Fitters, Plumbers, &c.

Donally & Strother, 3d st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

Groceries, Liquors, and Tobacco.

Stewart & Barter, 545 Main street.

Liquors, Wines, and Alcohol.

Hart & Clark, 55, Main and Market.
Monks, Joseph, 380 Main street.
Purcell & Laval, 3d st., bet. Main and Water.
Schroder & Son, Wall st., bet. Main and Water.
Zanone, A. & Son, 5th st., bet. Main and Water.

Hardware, Iron, Doors, &c.

Alexander, Ellis, & co., cor. Preston, & Walnut & Main, between 1st and 2d.
Breden, J. C., cor. Main & Wenzel and Walnut, between East & Floyd.
Charles, Stephen, Main, between Campbell & Wenzell'

Musical Instruments and Music.

Faulds, D. P. & Co., Main street, between 2d and 3d.
Gurney, Jas. H., Jefferson street, between 3d and 4th
Tripp & Cragg, 4th street, between Market & Jefferson.
Peters, Webb, & Co., corner 3d and Main streets.

Merchant Tailors.

Walker, J. B., Main street, between 2d and 3d.

Mill Furnishing.

Herbert & Wright, 15 & 17 Second.

Printing Paper Manufacturers.

Dupont & Co., Main street, between 4th and 5th.

Powder.

Dupont & Co., Main street, between 4th and 5th.
Davis & Speed, 509 Main street.

Patent Medicines and Perfumes.

Raymond & Co., 4th street, between Main & Market.

Commission, Produce, and Provision Merchants.

Tait, Anderson, & Co., 48 Fourth street.

Restaurants.

Cawein, J. & Co. (Widow Gorly), 3d, between Market & Main.
Rueffer, C. C. (St. Charles), 4th, bet. Market and Main.

Stove Founders.

Wallace, Lithgow, & Co., corner 3d and Main streets.

Soap, Candle, and Oil Manufacturers.

Cornwall & Brother, 563 Main street.

Sewing Machines.

Foskett, P. L., 4th street, bet. Green and Jefferson.
Gunnar & Co., 3d and Main street, bet. 4th and 5th.
Williams, J. H., 85 Fourth street.

Steamboat Agents, Commission and Forwarding Merchants.

Benedict, D. S. & Son, Main, bet 3d and 4th.
Carter Frank, 520 Main street.
Erwin & Co., Wall street.
Long & Halland, 3d st., bet. Main and Water.
Moorhead & Co., Wall street, bet. Main and Water.

Toys, Varieties, and Fancy Goods.

Cannon, Sherrill, & Co., Main st., near Second.

Teas and Fancy Groceries.

Lanham & Co., 3d street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

Tobacco Commission.

Nock, Wicks, & Co., 512 Main street.

Tinners and Roofers.

W Wyatt, 3or. 7th and Jefferson streets.

White Lead and Linseed Oil.

Wilson, Peter, & Co., 482 Main street.

Whip Manufacturers.

McBride, A., 65 Third street.
Ormsby, Collis, 500 Main street.

Hat and Cap manufacturers.

Craig, A., cor. 4th and Main, and Main bet. 6th and 7th.
Prather, Smith, & Co., Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth.
Gray, J. W., Market street Third and Fourth.

Iron, Steel, Nails, &c.

Belknap, W B & Co., corner Third and Main.

Jewelry, Watches, and Plate.

Fletcher & Bourne, Main st., bet. 4th and 5th.
Kendrick, Wm., 3d st., bet. Market and Main.
Kitts, Gideon & Co., 3d st., bet. 4th and 5th.
Jas. I. Lemon & Co., 4th st., under the National Hotel.
Vogt, M. C., Main st., near 4th.
Voght & Klink, 3d st., bet. Main and Market.

Iron Mantles, Fancy Castings, &c.

Wallace, Lithgow, & Co., corner 3d and Main sts.

Lard, Burning Fluid, Coal Oils, &c.

Hardy & Beatty, 4th street, between Main and Market.

Kanawha Salt Agent.

Brooks, W. C., 3d st., bet. Main and the river.

General Produce and Provision Brokers.

Allen, Moore, & Hayden, Main st, bet. 2d and 3d.
Bell & Murdock, 556 Main st.
Buchanan & Co., 3d st., bet. Main and river.
Bramlin & Summers, Main, bet. 1st and 2d.
Burkhardt, W. & Jr., Market, bet. 4th and 5th.
Colston, J. H., Wall st.
Hibbitt & Son, Market, bet. 3d and 4th.
Cook & Moody, Wall st., bet. Main and the river.
Cunningham & Bro., 527 Main st.
Fitkin, Wiard, & Co., 315 Main st.
Carter & Buchanan, 474 Main st.

Know Thyself.

DR. J. H. McCANN is enabled to detect to a certainty the true condition and locality of diseases, by a simple and scientific method, without asking the patient any questions. Some profess to do this, yet are careful to ask some leading questions in order to obtain a clue to the disease. We do nothing of that kind, and have invariably given satisfaction. Consultations and examinations

FREE OF CHARGE.

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS treated by a new method of Medicated Inhalation and constitutional treatment. We offer you new remedies, entirely vegetable, which have proved a speedy and effectual cure in the following diseases, viz: Bronchitis, all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Diseases of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, and Kidneys, Dropsy, Saint Vitus's Dance, Cancers, Scrofula, Chronic Ulcers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Fistula, Spasms, Fits, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Seminal Weakness, Skin Diseases, Rupture, Diarrhea, and, in short, all curable diseases. We are not a "cure all" doctor, and will undertake no case without a fair prospect of recovery.

FEMALE DISEASES.

Females troubled with Suppressions, Irregularities, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling of the Womb, Polypus of the Uterus, Tumors of any kind, Barrenness, all Urinary Diseases, Painful or Difficult Menstruation, Nervous Debility, &c., will be speedily cured without the use of poisonous drugs or injurious or unpalatable medicines of any kind. Have no delicacy in calling on females from whom your troubles may be. I do not expect you to place yourself under my treatment unless you prefer it.

All communications strictly confidential. The afflicted are cordially invited to call and satisfy themselves. Office 305 Third st., between Market and Jefferson sts., Louisville, Ky. All letters addressed to our care, enclosing a stamp, giving symptoms and return address, will receive prompt attention. Medicines sent to all parts of the United States. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 9 P.M. Address

J. H. McCANN, M. D.,
Louisville, Ky.

n10 d4thp4weowly

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BIBLES,

Prayer Books,

AND ALL THE

NEW GIFT BOOKS,

For sale by

MAXWELL & CO.,

Main st., near Fifth.

d22

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON,

WALL STREET.

Have on hand the FINEST lot of WINES, LIQUORS' CIGARS, and good things generally to be found in the market. Call on us and set something to keep up your spirits. "Eat, drink, and be merry." d21

NEW ROOFS.

CHAS. RUDE, Agent.

American Gutta Percha Roofing Co.,

Office Fifth st., bet. Jefferson and Green.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Those requiring New Roofs or Old Tin Roofs repaired will please call at the agents' office, get a circular, and examine samples. s13 d1f

JAPANESE SOAP!

JOHN F. GUNKEL & CO.'S

DETERSIVE AND ERASIVE

SOAP,

Louisville, Ky.

WE offer this Soap to the public with the full assurance that, if the directions given are carried out, it will save *time, labor, and money.* All we ask is a fair trial; then let it stand upon its own merits. Among other advantages this over other washing Soaps, the following may be mentioned:

1. This Soap is warranted not to injure the fabric.
2. But one-half the *time and labor* will be required to do a washing by using this Soap in preference to any other.
3. The clothes need but little rubbing, and, in most cases, no boiling.
4. For washing hands it is greatly superior to any common Soap, as it does not chap the hands, but rather tends to soften the skin.

It cannot be surpassed for removing Ink, Tar, and Grease Spots, also for cleaning Paints.

The superiority of this Soap consists in its *not containing any excess of Alkalies,* and the materials used rendering it more mild than any other known Washing Soap.

☞It is unhesitatingly the best Soap ever offered, and is *warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.*

☞All orders sent to the undersigned through the postoffice, or given our wagons, will meet with prompt attention. [n7 d1f] JOHN F. GUNKEL & CO.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

COLLIS ORMSBY,

332 North side Main st., between 3d and 4th

RECEIVING daily large additions to our stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Rifles, Vises, Locks, Hinges, Screws, bolts, Scales, Planes, Saws, Coffee Mills, Nails, Sash Weights, Cooper's and Shoemaker's Tools. For sale low by (1y-3) COLLIS ORMSBY.

1860. FALL. 1860.

MRS. WM. OSBORN is now receiving a well-assorted stock of BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, CHILDREN'S FLATS or HATS, VELVET BRIDALS, BONNET WHALEBONE, BONNET WIRES, FRAMES AND CROWNS.

☞BLEACHING AND PRESSING at MRS. WM. OSBORN'S, s23 318 Jefferson st.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—107 sacks fresh Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, for sale by
n7 JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.
Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

TUB BACKWOODS BRIDE, by Mrs. M. V. Victor. Dime Novel, No. 126.
F. MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE,
n6 321 Third street.

Sutherlin's Tobacco.

100 BOXES Sutherlin's Every Evenness.
For sale by NOCK, WICKS, & CO.
n19

For the Holidays.

A FINE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF JUVENILES at low prices to suit the times.
CLARKE'S.
d15

KENTUCKY TOBACCO—
20 boxes 7s, Bright Tobacco,
250 boxes Magnolia, Bright, 8s, do;
1,500 caddys Grape Juice and CO's Tobacco;
60 boxes Regular Bunch Cigars.
In store and for sale by NOCK, WICKS, & CO.,
c27 215 and 217 Main street.

NEW RICE—10 casks prime landing from steamer Mackay and for sale by
n8 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

200 BBLS BALTIMORE GOLDEN SIRUP, whole and half bbls and kegs, in store and for sale by
n13 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

10 DRUMS LARGE WHITE CODFISH just received and for sale by
n13 TYLER & MARTIN.

SUGAR—39 hhds fully fair to prime Sugar landing from steamer John Raine and for sale by
n17 COOD & MOODY.

POTATOES—200 bbls Nonhances just received from Michigan, in fine shipping order, and for sale by
n2 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

NAVY BEANS—40 bbls A No. 1 small white Navy Beans in store and for sale by
n19 N. S. GLORE & CO.

25 QR CASES PURE COGNAC BRANDY, vintage of 1858, imported by ourselves direct, and still under custom-house lock, for sale low by
n13 TYLER & MARTIN.

FIRST LESSONS IN THE HISTORY OF THE United States by a Practical Teacher Price 6 cents, at
n21 F. MADDEN'S, 321 Third st.

MOLASSES—
Prime Plantation
75 ½d0 do do;
In store and for sale by
n18 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

New Illustrated Books.

THE POETS' GALLERY, a series of Portrait Illustrations of British Poets, Vol. 1, Chaucer and Spenser, with Moral Emblems. With numerous illustrations. Turkey antique, $10.
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Harkness's First Book in Greek. 75c.
Little Mistress; Big Nightcaps; Fairy Nightcaps; by Aunt Fanny. 50c. each.
A Year with Maggie and Emma, by Miss McIntosh. 65c.
n16 JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

MEAL—MEAL.

200 BUSHELS PATENT STEAM DRIED BOLTED CORN MEAL at sale at Meal Mill, corner of Main, near Sixth street, Opposite the Exchange Hotel.
p5

1,500 BUSHELS BLUE-GRASS SEED in store and for sale by
n19 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

SUNDRIES—
New Orleans and Refined Sugars;
Sugar and Sugar-House and Plantation Molasses;
Gunpowder, Imperial, and Young Tea;
Rio, Java, and Mocha Coffee;
Market Hams, Shoulders, and ½ bbls and kits, different numbers;
Virginia and Missouri Tobaccos;
Imported and Domestic Cigars;
Candles; Soap; Starch; Batting; Cordage;
Spices of all kinds;
Nuts, Dates, Raisins, Figs, Currants, &c.;
For sale by
18 GEO. W. MORRIS, 184 Third st.

DIARIES FOR 1861.

We have a large variety of these useful MEMORANDUM BOOKS, many of them of fine Turkey morocco with POCKET-BOOK attached. For sale by

MAXWELL & CO.,

Main st., near Fifth.

12

J. P. THOMPSON,

DEALER IN

PURE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES,

"Old Blue House."

76 Fourth st., bet. Main and Market.

MACKEREL—500 kits Nos. 1 and 2, in store and for sale landing from steamer Superior, for sale by
d8 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

CHEESE—
60 boxes W. R. Cheese;
200 do E. D. do;
75 do Nutmeg do;
7 cases Pine-Apple Cheese;
In store and for sale by
d11 GARDNER & CO.

SUGAR—50 hhds fair Sugar in store and for sale by
d11 R. ATKINSON.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for December. Price 25c. The best assortment of A. Morton's and Dawson, Warren, & Dyde's GOLD PENS ever brought to this city, and at prices that astonish all. Call and get one at
n23 F. MADDEN'S, 321 Third st.

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NEW subscribers are now received. The picture, "FALLSTAFF MUSTERING HIS RECRUITS," is on exhibition at CLARKE'S.

New Books.

May Coverly, the Young Dressmaker.
Th Young Parents, illustrated.
Little by Little. By Owen Optic. Illustrated.
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Italy in Transition.
The Four Georges. By Thackeray.
The Moral History of Woman.
The Family Doctor—valuable.
Boat Club, Now or Never, All Aboard, Poor and Proud, Try Again, and other new juvenile st.
ORANGES, LEMONS, and COCOA-NUTS.
CANDIES, CHOCOLATES, &c.
d16

FRESH BUTTER—4 packages choice Table Butter on consignment and for sale by
d31 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

ST. LOUIS FLOUR—Choice brands, Four-Ace and Spread Eagle, also fine wheat, Rye, and Graham Flour, for sale by
n7 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—
24 hhds prime Sugar;
25 bbls Plantation Molasses;
Received by steamer Diana and for sale by
n26 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

FRENCH BRANDIES IN BOND—50 packages pure Cognac, Pellevoisin and Gout Comptoir.
Also, Pellevoisin and Bernard & Co., will be sold subject to duties by
n26 JANTHON YZANOBE & SON.
Fifth street, below Main.

100 BOXES FOX'S STARCH;
20 ¼ do do do;
In store and for sale by
n3 CORNWALL & BRO.

TEAS—TEAS—TEAS.

We invite attention to our large and varied assortment of Black and Green Teas, comprising selections from the choicest importations of the season. For sale wholesale and retail by
J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
Importers of Tea, &c.,
n2 315 Third st., between Market and Jefferson.

FIRST PREMIUM Kentucky Feed Cutter,

THIS is the largest and most powerful MACHINE now manufactured in the United States. The peculiar arrangement of the feed rollers prevents all liability to break or get out of order. No. 1 is designed for power; No. 2 for power or hand; No. 3 for hand.

ALSO, in store and for sale, a large lot of Kentucky Blue-Grass, Orchard Grass, Herds' Grass, Timothy, &c., &c., together with every article needed and used on a farm.
G. W. BASHAW.
No. 222 West Main street.
no12

MOLASSES—10 bbls prime Plantation Molasses just received per steamboat R. H. Fairchild and for sale by
n17 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

COFFEE—191 bags prime Rio landing from steamers Castleman, Bostona, and Rebecca Clarke, and for sale by
n16 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

WHISKY.—One hundred and fifty barrels superior Bourbon and Rye Whisky.
J. H. SCHROEDER & SON.

BRANDY.—Seventy-five packages of superior Brandies for sale by
d19 J. H. SCHROEDER & SON.

WINES.—Two hundred Baskets Champagne, assorted brands; two hundred boxes Claret, assorted do., for sale by
d19 J. H. SCHROEDER & SON.

SUNDRIES.—Sparkling and Dry Catawba, Irish and Scotch Whisky, Jamaica Rum, Cordials, Cigars, Cards, and Tobacco for sale by
J. H. SCHROEDER & SON.

RIO COFFEE.—100 bags strictly prime Rio Coffee just landing from steamer Baltic and for sale by
d19 COOD & MOODY.

SUGAR—Received per "Chancellor" and "Baltic" 103 hhds fair to choice Sugar, and for sale by
ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

FONTANELLA SMOKING TOBACCO—20 cases Fontanella Smoking Tobacco, in ½ lb bales, in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

SUGAR—
20 bbls prime N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls Refined and Crushed Sugar;
20 bbls Loaf Sugar;
In store and for sale by
d17 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

SALT—1,000 bags Turk's Island Salt in store and for sale by
d15 BUCHANAN & CO.,
Corner Second and Washington sts.

MOLASSES—
35 hhds prime Plantation Molasses;
20 bbls do do;
In store and for sale by
d15 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

BUCKWHEAT—75 sacks just received and for sale by
d15 HIBBITT & SON.

GOLDEN SIRUP—81 Louis Sirup on retail and in 6-gallon kegs for sale by
d15 HIBBITT & SON.

DRIED BEEF AND TONGUES just received and for sale by
d15 HIBBITT & SON.

SALMON AND MACKEREL in kits and on retail by
d15 HIBBITT & SON.

HOMINY AND BEANS—A supply in store and for sale by (d15) HIBBITT & SON.

TOBACCO—250 boxes and butts in store and for sale by
d15 GARDNER & CO.

CANDLES—320 boxes halves and quarters for sale by
d15 GARDNER & CO.

FISH—
100 bbls Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel;
87 ½d0 Nos. 1, 2, and 3 do;
10 kits No. 1 do;
290 do Nos. 1, 2, and 3 do;
20 do Salmon;
2 bbls Trout;
10 drums Codfish;
100 do do;
14 boxes do;
In store and for sale by
d17 GARDNER & CO.

SUGAR—28 hhds prime received per steamer Diana and for sale by
d17 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

BUCKETS—125 d'zen blue, red, and fancy Buckets in store and for sale by
d17 GARDNER & CO.

BATTING—325 bales Batting in store and for sale by
d17 GARDNER & CO.

MOLASSES—30 bbls prime Plantation landing from the steamer Fanny Bullitt and for sale by
d17 COOD & MOODY.

BAGGING, ROPE, AND TWINE of various brands for sale low by
d17 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

1,000 GUNNIES for sale low to close consignment
[d13] J. D. BONDURANT.

COCOA-NUTS—9 casks Cocoa-Nuts to arrive by John Raine and for sale by
d13 V. D. GAETANO & CO.

RICE—15 tierces Rice in store and for sale by
d13 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

APPLES—100 bbls choice Apples in store and for sale by
n5 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

FINE MADEIRA AND SHERRY WINES—
6 dozen old Madeira Wine;
6 do Pale Sherry do;
For sale in quantities to suit purchasers by
d17 J. P. THOMPSON, 76 Fourth st.

CHRISTMAS—100 packages Raisins, Currants, Figs, and Citron just received and for sale by
d16 HIBBITT & SON.

FISH—10 casks Codfish just received and for sale by
d16 GARDNER & CO.

SUGAR—33 hhds prime New Orleans received per steamboat Peytona and for sale by
d18 WM. GAY.

TOBACCO—
100 boxes best brands Virginia Tobacco;
150 do Kentucky and Missouri do;
100,000 German Cigars;
50,000 fine Domestic Cigars;
50,000 Havana Cigars;
20,000 common Kentucky Cigars; for sale by
d18 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

NAILS—700 kegs Belmont for sale by
d18 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

COFFEE—200 bags prime Rio received per Peytona and for sale by
d18 WM. GAY.

SUGAR—
50 hhds new Sugar;
100 hhds Clarified and Powdered Sugar;
50 bbls Molasses;
50 ½d0 do;
30 bbls Lovering's Sirup; for sale by
d18 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

CREAM CHEESE—300 boxes Kentucky CreamCheese in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

COTTON YARNS—300 bags Mayeville Yarns, assorted numbers, in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

EAGLE YARNS—100 bags Eagle Yarns, assorted numbers, in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

CYPRESS YARNS—150 bags Cypress Yarns, assorted numbers, in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

POUND YARNS—15 bales Georgia pound Yarns, assorted numbers, in store and for sale by
d17 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

GOLD LEAF SMOKING TOBACCO—300 drums Gold Leaf Smoking Tobacco, 7 lbs each, in store and for sale by [d17] NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

JOCKEY CLUB SMOKING TOBACCO—60 cases Jockey Club Smoking Tobacco, in 5 lb bales, in store and for sale by [d17] NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

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HAVING one for a small amount of Bank Notes of the above State, we will receive them at par in exchange for GOUCHES.
d14 TYLER & MARTIN.

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SODA AND YEAST POWDERS—
200 boxes Bicarb. Soda, 1lb papers;
150 do do Yeast Powders;
300 casks Newcastle Soda do;
In store and for sale by
d16 NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

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MOLASSES—20 bbls prime Molasses received per steamer B. J. Adams and for sale by
n23 COOD & MOODY.

SUGAR—15 hhds strictly prime landing from the E. H. Fairchild and for sale by
n23 COOD & MOODY.

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20 bbls Pitch;
75 bbls Rosin; for sale by
n24 DAVIS & SPEED, Main st.

MACKEREL—
200 bbls No. 2 and 3, medium and large;
200 ½d0 Nos. 1, 2, and 3 do do do;
350 kits Nos. 1, 2, and 3 do do do;
In store and for sale by
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FOR CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, ETC.—A fresh lot just received by
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MOLASSES—50 bbls prime Molasses in store and for sale by [58] WM. GAY.

SUGAR—20 hhds prime Sugar received per Baltic and for sale by
d1 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

SUGAR—40 hhds prime received per steamer Baltic and for sale by
d21 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

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